Complete Summary

TITLE

Oncology: percentage of visits for patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain with a documented plan of care to address pain.

SOURCE(S)

American Society for Therapeutic Radiology and Oncology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®. Oncology physician performance measurement set. Chicago (IL): American Medical Association (AMA); 2008 Jun. 48 p. [16 references]

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the Measure Validity page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percentage of visits for patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain with a documented plan of care to address pain.

This measure is paired with <u>Oncology: percentage of visits for patients with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy in which pain intensity is quantified.</u> Implementers of this measure should not use this measure without the pain intensity quantified measure.

RATIONALE

Inadequate cancer pain management is widely prevalent, harmful to the patient, and costly.*

*The following clinical recommendation statements are quoted <u>verbatim</u> from the referenced clinical guidelines and represent the evidence base for the measure:

All patients with cancer should be screened during the initial evaluation, at regular intervals, and whenever new therapy is initiated. The standard means for determining how much pain a patient is experiencing relies on a patient's self-report. Severity should be quantified using a 0-10 numerical rating scale, a categorical scale, or the pictorial scale (Wong-Baker Faces Pain Rating Scale). Faces can be used with patients who have difficulty with the above scales, e.g., children, the elderly, and patients with language or cultural differences or other communication barriers. (National Comprehensive Cancer Network [NCCN])

Pain intensity must be quantified, as the algorithm bases therapeutic decisions on a numerical value assigned to the severity of pain. Opioid naïve patients experiencing severe or increasing pain should receive rapid escalating doses of short-acting opioids, a bowel regimen, and Nonopioid analgesics as indicated. Psychosocial support is needed to ensure that patients encountering common barriers to appropriate pain control (e.g., fear of addiction or side effects, inability to purchase opioids) or needing additional assistance (e.g., depression, rapidly declining functional status) receive appropriate aid. Although pain intensity ratings will be obtained frequently to judge opioid dose increases, a formal reassessment is mandated in 24 hours for severe pain. (NCCN)

For patients whose pain is less than 7 at presentation, the pathways are similar. The main differences include the option to perform the formal pain intensity reassessment less frequently (24-48 hours) and to consider beginning with slower titration of short-acting opioids for patients with moderate pain intensity rating 4-6 or with NSAID or acetaminophen if the patient has mild pain intensity rating from 1 to 0 and is opioid and (NSAID)-naïve. (NCCN)

Regular, ongoing assessment of pain, nonpain symptoms (including but not limited to shortness of breath, nausea, fatigue and weakness, anorexia, insomnia, anxiety, depression, confusion and constipation), treatment side effects and functional capacities are documented. Validated instruments, where available, should be used. (National Consensus Project for Quality Palliative Care [NCP])

All patients should be routinely screened for pain, and when it is present, pain intensity should be recorded in highly visible ways that facilitate regular review by health care providers. A standard for pain assessment and documentation should be established in each setting to ensure that pain is recognized, documented, and treated promptly. (American Pain Society [APS])

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Cancer; chemotherapy; radiation therapy; pain; plan of care

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

All visits for patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Patient visits that included a documented plan of care* to address pain

*A documented plan of care may include: use of opioids, nonopioid analgesics, psychological support, patient and/or family education, referral to a pain clinic, or reassessment of pain at an appropriate time interval.

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

 A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Unspecified

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Internal quality improvement

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Ambulatory Care

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Physicians

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Individual Clinicians

TARGET POPULATION AGE

All patients, regardless of age

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Getting Better Living with Illness

IOM DOMAIN

Effectiveness

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

All visits for patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

All visits for patients, regardless of age, with a diagnosis of cancer currently receiving chemotherapy or radiation therapy who report having pain

Exclusions

None

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Clinical Condition
Therapeutic Intervention

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a single point in time

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Patient visits that included a documented plan of care* to address pain

*A documented plan of care may include: use of opioids, nonopioid analgesics, psychological support, patient and/or family education, referral to a pain clinic, or reassessment of pain at an appropriate time interval.

Exclusions

None

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Encounter or point in time

DATA SOURCE

Administrative data Medical record

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Measure #9: plan of care for pain - medical oncology and radiation oncology.

MEASURE COLLECTION

The Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® Measurement Sets

MEASURE SET NAME

Oncology Physician Performance Measurement Set

SUBMITTER

American Medical Association on behalf of the American Society for Therapeutic Radiology and Oncology, the American Society of Clinical Oncology, and the Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®

DEVELOPER

American Society for Therapeutic Radiology and Oncology American Society of Clinical Oncology Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®

FUNDING SOURCE(S)

Unspecified

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FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Conflicts, if any, are disclosed in accordance with the Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® conflict of interest policy.

ENDORSER

National Quality Forum

INCLUDED IN

Ambulatory Care Quality Alliance

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RELEASE DATE

2007 Oct

REVISION DATE

2008 Jun

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

SOURCE(S)

American Society for Therapeutic Radiology and Oncology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®. Oncology physician performance measurement set. Chicago (IL): American Medical Association (AMA); 2008 Jun. 48 p. [16 references]

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Measure #9: Plan of Care for Pain - Medical Oncology and Radiation Oncology," is published in the "Oncology Physician Performance Measurement Set." This document and technical specifications are available in Portable Document Format (PDF) from the American Medical Association (AMA)-convened Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® Web site: www.physicianconsortium.org.

For further information, please contact AMA staff by e-mail at cgi@ama-assn.org.

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on September 8, 2008. The information was verified by the measure developer on October 16, 2008.

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